LILIUOKALANI'S PROPOSAL

THE QUEEN'S ENVOY MAKES KNOWN THE OBJECT OF HIS VISIT. She Asks to Be Bestered to Her Three Under an American Protectorate; on Annexation, with a Liberal Allowance to Mernelf and the Princess Kalulant-Mr. springer Wants to Find Out What An-

nexation Will Cost the United States

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.-Secretary of State Foster sent to-day to the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, for the in formation of the Senate, the statement which Mr. Paul Neumann left at the departmen ve terday, and accompanied it with a report From the interview it seems that the object of Mr. Neumann's visit to Washington is to secure the restoration of Queen Lilluokalani to the throne under an American protectorate He does not advise her restoration under any other circumstances. If Congress shall n deem a protectorate feasible, he would then favor annexation, with a liberal allowance fo the Queen and Princess Klaulani, but he strongly objects to the continuance of th present provisional Government in nowar.

The Senate spent several hours this after oon in executive session on the Hawaiian treaty. Senator Morgan, one of the members of the Behring Sea Arbitration Board for the United States, leaves for New York to-morrow to begin his journey to Europe. He was de to begin his journey to Europe. He was desirous of addressing the Senate in executive season before his departure, and it was for this purpose that the Senate hid adde other manners this afternoon. No one except Mr. Morran spoke, and his speech was a strong plea for the abnexation of the islands. It is spoken of as the most masterly effort this distinguished Senator and member of the Foreign Affairs Committee has yet made on the subject of the foreign policy of the United States.

clight Affairs Committee has yet made on the subject of the foreign policy of the United States.

To-day Mr. Springer of Illinois introduced in the flouse the following resolution for reference to the Committee on Ways and Means: Eleman. A treaty providing for the anexation of the liawaitan leisands to the United States is now pending in the Senate of the United States and by the dovernment of the United States and by the dovernment of the United States to pay the public debt of Hawaitan postal savings hanks, which may aggregate three and one-quarter millions of dollars, the sum of 200 CO per annum to the late Queen of Hawail, and the amount of the United States to said the anno 5 100 CO on full of the Princess Raiolant, and which execution of the United States to said telephone to the same of the United States to said telephone the same of the United States to said telephone the same of the United States to said telephone the same of the Princess Raiolant, and which may be produced in said islands; therefore.

Heaterd That the President of the United States be requested to furnish this House with any information he may have showing the amount of said postal deposits and the debt of Hawail, the rate of interest they may bear, when they will be due and payable, and what was the new will be due and payable, and what was the any information in possession of this dovernment showing the amount of said postal depositions which will be required to pay the bounty upon Hawail, and the amount of the oligations which his dovernment will incur and assume assancessary consequence of such annexation.

She is Coming Here to Talk with the Presi

LONDON, Feb. 22.-The Princess Kalulani beiress to the throne of Hawaii, sailed to-day for New York on the steamer Teutonic. The Princess is accompanied by Mr. Theophilus Davies, wife and daughter, and by Miss Whar toff. Her residence in England has heretofore been kept secret, but Mr. Davies, after repeated requests, consented to permit the correapondent to have an interview with the Prin cess at his residence, called Sundown, Hesketh l'ark. Southport, where the young lady has been residing. Mr. Davies is the princiral British merchant connected with the Hawaiian Islands, and is said to be a in Hawaii. He has had virtual charge and is said to be on intimate terms with her cottish as well as her Hawaiian relatives. Mr Davies said he had had no reply to his recent request to the Commissioners of the Provisional Government of Hawaii to delay negotia tions until he could bring the Princess Kalu-iani to the United States to plead for her rights. He feared, he said, that the Commis sioners were hurrying to complete the deal before her arrival. He was confident that if Americans could see the Princess, who was a simple Christian girl, her throne would be saved. It would be an immense outrage to set her aside without a hearing.

The Princess Kaiulani is tall and slender.

and with a more thoughtful, deliberate air than might be expected in a schoolgirl. She said she had nothing to add to the appeal which she had addressed to the American people, and she expressed her thanks tha her appeal had been forwarded to the Ameriher appeal had been forwarded to the American newspapers. She had no definite plans, but would be guided by her guardian. Mr. Davies. She proposed to spend two days in New York, and then visit Boston, where she would remain until after the inauguration of President Cleveland. Then she would go to Washington, and would probably make a personal appeal to Mr. Cleveland. The Princess added that she had no friends in America except the friends of Mr. Davies. She timidly expressed a hope that she might gain the sympathy of the American people. "I cannot see," she continued in a modest, hesitating tone, "why.! should be summarily deprived of recognized legal rights for no fault of mine, and without being even notified to appear in defonce of my rights."

It was apparent that the Princess fears her ease to be hopeless, and that the American Government is determined upon annexation. She said that she was entirely opposed to the policy of the Queen, especially in regard to the fills which the Queen is reported to have said that she did not want Hawaii to be under a protectorate of any sort. She wished Hawaii to be independent. When asked if she would return to England after her present visit to America, the Princess answered:

Yes. If I am successful. I will be of age

after nor present visit to America, the Frincess answered:

"Yes, if I am successful. I will be of age next year, and then I will carry out my original intention, for which the Hawaiian Legislature voted \$4.000, which was to visit Queen Victoria, then to visit the President of the United States, and then to proceed to Hawaii, and then assume the position to which I amentitled."

and then assume the position to which I am entitled."

The Princess said she favored the proposition made by Mr. Davies to the provisional Government of Hawaii, that a regency should be appointed for three years, with S. B. Dole, the head of the provisional Government, as President, the Princess to be crowned Queen of Hawaii at the termination of the regency.

Here the Princess excused hereelf on the fround of hurry in packing for the journey to America. As she arose, she said in a pathetic togg:

tone:

I want to do all I can for my people, and to be an honest and true leader, to them. I simply want to do my duty to beloved Hawait."

A TUG SUNK BY THE ICE.

his Leads Mr. McCarthy to Belate a Very Singular Accident.

The tugboat Grapeshot, which was lying at the Fourteenth street wharf in Hoboken, was struck by a cake of ice about 5 o'clock yester day morning and had a hole stove in her hull The cook was the only person on board. Rewas awakened by the noise of the water pouring in, and had barely time to dress himsel and climb up on the wharf before the boa

and climb up on the wharf before the boat gave a lurch and plunged to the bottom, breaking the ropes by which she was fastened to the pier. The boat was owned by Capt. Godfrey. She will be raised to day or to-morrow and put en McCarthy, who, with his brother James. John McCarthy, who, with his brother James, owns the dry dock, said last night that a number of boats have been sunk by the ice this finter. He mentioned the singular experience of the steam lighter Sisson, owned by the Fowler Brothers of New York. She was lying at the foot of Leroy street when an ice flose came down with the tide and struck her near the sterm, where the engine was.

A large piece of the ice penetrated the hull, breaking off five of the frames as if they were pipe stems. One singular part of it, Mr. McCarthy says, was that the ice became so firmly wedged in the hull that not adrop of water leaked in. The engineer got up steam and hurried over to McCarthy's dock. It was found necessary there to apply steam in order to insit the lee out of the fractured hull.

Prof. Buldwin Golng to Princeton.

TORONTO, Feb. 22.—Toronto University lose: Prof. Baldwin, to whom has been offered the Viair of psychology in Princeton at a handsome stary. He left the chair of philosophy at the Forest University. Chicago, two years also, to come here. He will so to the World's Fair to conduct the philosophical congress, and will probably soon after assume his new duties at Princeton. THE STRUGGLE FOR A STAR.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.-The bungling bustness of the Brigadier-Generalship will proba-bly be brought to a close through the pending

communation of Col. Elwell S. Otts. Twentieth

Infantry, for promotion to the vacancy caused w the retirement of Gen. Eugene A. Carr. An incident in the affair that now attracts ome attention is the ignoring by the Presiden of Gen. Scholleld's recommendation for the promotion and immediate retirement of Col. W. P. Carlin, Fourth Infantry, as a preliminary to the appointment of Col. Otis. Since Co. Carlin has for a long time been under stood to be Gen. Schofield's candidate for promotion, being urged by him un of Gen. Kautz, then at Gen. Stapley's retirement, and now finally at the retiremen of Gen. Carr. the result will be rather a sur-prise to those who have attributed to him much nfluence upon appointments and upon legis In some of the speculations on this subject. Secretary Elkins, ex-Secretary Proc-tor, and Gen. Schoffeld have been represented as a sort of trio of conspirators or wire pullers arranging a deal by which all three migh serve their respective ends. Those who adopt that view would probably now see in the

within a wheel, by which two of the supposes wirepullers outwitted the third. But there really seems now no ground to suppose that any such triple distribution of nonors was arranged for at Col. Carr's promo tion. It cannot be presumed that the Presi-dent would break in upon any such arrange ment by cutting out Gen. Schoffeld's part in it. That Gen. Schoffeld, however, knew of the arrangement by which Gen. Carr was to be re-tired before the time fixed by the age statute s clear, from his recommendation to that of fect. It is presumable that he did not supose that there was any understanding for the intermediate appointment and retirement of Col. Carlin, but that, having taken a prominent part in the other part of the plan by recommending the retirement of Gen. Carr. he

dumping of Gen. Schofield's candidate a whee

made a final effort in Col. Carlin's favor. In that view Gen. Schoffeld has certainly been very persistent and faithful to Col. Carlin's interests, even risking at the end and re-ceiving a public ignoring of his recommendation by the President rather than fail to do all that he could for him. And it may also be

ceiving a public ignoring of his recommendation by the President rather than fail to do all
that he could for him. And it may also be
recalled that in his report about affairs in the
Northwest last spring. Gen. Schoffield took
special pains to commend Col. Carlin's conduct. If now the latter has lost his last chance
of promotion, being due in November for compulsory age retirement, at least the General
commanding the army has done everything
possible in that direction.

It has been suggested that the whole trouble in the matter has been that of trying to
control too much patronage under the present
Administration. But perhaps another way of
explaining it is that Secretary Proctor was very
anxious to secure the appointment of Col. Oits
under President Harrison, knowing that he
would have no claim upon his succeasor. As
to that, however, there need have been no
anxiety, since Col. Oits is an officer not only of
such very high rank, being almost at the top
of the Colonels of the army, but also of sunexcellent soldiership, as to make his promotion certain many years before his retirement,
which does not occur until 1902. Now that the
whole affair is practically over, some who comment on it have pointed out a plan by which
the various projects might have been carried
through without any of the disagreeable incidents which have attended.

In January of last year a vacancy was caused
by the retirement of Gen. Stanley was certain to
create another on the last of June following.
For these two vacancies there were many
prominent candidates, of which the four
leaders were Col. Wheaton, who was the highest
in rank of the four, and a very competent
officer, retiring in 1807; Col. Carr, next in rank,
and understood to be the candidate of Secretary Elkins, whose retirement was due March
20, 1834; Col. Otis, the third, the candidate of
ex-Secretary Proctor, to be retired in 1892;
finally Col. W. P. Carlin, backed by Gen. Schofield, retiring Nov. 24, 1838. It is now pointed
out that if at that time the Presi

Col. Otis would have made their promotion practically sure.

However, as it turned out, Gen. Wheaton carried off the January prize, in virtue of his seniority, his merits, and his being satisfactory to all those who could not secure their own candidates. Then, when the struggle was renewed in June for the other vacancy, the arrangement seems to have been made which resulted in Gen. Carr's promotion, with a string to it? by which he has now been pulled down to make way for Col. Otis.

Many army officers would be glad to see regimental commanders who distinguished themselves in service during the civil war reach the coveted star hefore being retired for age. Where this can be done by delaying a little the promotion of juniors, it is often practicable to do so, as the active field duries required of a Brigadler-General in time of practicable to do so, as the active held quites required of a Brigadier-General in time of peace are not usually momentous. But this policy must not be carried too far. Where re-tirements of several distinguished and able trements of several distinguished and able regimental commanders are grouped near together a selection must be made among them for filling a vacancy, and the others must go from the active list unpromoted. There have been many such cases of Colonels now on the retired list, who, to say the least, were as prominent for their war records as some of those who will hereafter succeed to the rank of Brigadier-General. But unless such a policy is followed, there might be constant changes among department commanders, which would be hurtful to orderly and efficient administration.

Thus we have the two clear principles of endeavoring to reward by all available promotion efficient regimental commanders having excellent war records, before their retirement for age, and, on the other hand, securing able and competent current administration of the

or age, and, on the other hand, securing able and competent current administration of the departments without too many changes. It is only to be regretted that the recent attemnts at harmonizing these two elements of policy were carried out in a blundering way that caused some ill feeling. Perhaps the lesson will not be lost.

FORM WINS AT NEW ORLEANS.

Raily Captures the Handicap Purse and Makes a Track Record.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 32 -Fair weather and ast track helped the attendance considerably to-day. The betting was good on each of the five races. Fay S. was the only beaten favorite. while Constantine, the winner, was a heavily

while Constantine, the winner, was a heavily backed second choice. W. F. Whitney, the horse Bangum, and Joeker Dean have been suspended pending an investigation of yesterday's race.

First Bace—Five and a half furious. Constantine, 100 (Sarcent), 2 to 1 won in a hard drive by a head; Fay B. 106 (A. Claviou), 1 to 2, second, Bay Bay, 111 (Fishburn), 25 to 1, third, Time, 1:008, Sargent), 3 to 1, second fisce—Selfing, 0.es furious, Swardistor, 117 (Meltonald), 0 to 5, won handly; Hubert O'Neill, 113 (Sargent), 3 to 1, second, Ansel, 3r, 115 (Blank), 5 to 1, third, Time 1:028, Third Race—Selling; five and one-half furious. Galen Browth, 1128 (Deggett), 3 to 5, won by half a length; Progression, 12 (Britton), 4 to 1, second, Floriat, 101 (Sargent), 6 to 1, third, Time, 1:056, Fourth Race—Selling; one mile, Gendarine, 111 (McDonald), 5 to 2, won driving by a head; Elise L. 100 (Sargent), 1 to 3, second, Play, 102 (Hill), 12 to 1, 111 (Brittan), 1 to 10, were cleverly, Mand, 105 (Sargent), 7 to 10, second; J. H. Fenton, 102 (H. Shields), 9 to 10, little, 17 ine, 1:145c.

This is the best time ever made on the track for the distance. Ivy City Club's Rucing Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.-President Qualey of the Ivy City Club to-day said that the inaugural meeting of the club would begin next saturday, unless the weather should happen to be unusually severe. Men are now at work on the track and buildings, and many improvements are being made. Mr. Qualey said there would be planty of horses here, and that fields would be limited to twelve or fifteen

fields would be limited to twelve or filleen horses.

Among the stables which have signified an intention to participate are W. C. Daty, 17 horses; Eugene Leigh, 11; J. B. Evers, 10; H. C. Maddox, 12; C. W. Parker, 16; Alexander shields, 10; F. T. Miller, 4; K. Bradley, 4; W. H. McLaughlin, 5; L. Block, 8; J. P. Owens, 5; Clover Stable, 10; C. T. Havenor, 3; C. P. Sanders, 6; P. Brodle, 3; W. P. Burch, 18; C. Desmond, 3; J. Casey, 5; D. Honiz, 5; W. R. Jennings, 15; F. D. Wier, 4; J. Hunt, 6; J. Riser, 7; Hutchins Stable, 5.

A. M.-1:45, 567 Greenwich street, Frederick Neff, lamage \$250; 7:45, 434 Fifth street, John Soden, dam-

P. M .- 12:45, 340 East Eighth street, Joseph Waters damage \$25, 2:35, chimney and Water street, no damage \$25, 2:35, chimney and Water street in damage; \$1:40, 33 Pike street. Henry Atman, dawage \$5; \$1:25, 255 West Intriyanish street, highly Marre, damage \$40, 325, one story irans, house on in south side of 122d street, helwern Marainageide Drive and Amsterdam armore, thenry Valentine, damage \$1,100, 5:41, 78 slowery, Jackson Bros., damage \$3,000.

PATRIOTIC ELOQUENCE

MR. PERKINS TALKS TO THE WASH-INGION HEIGHTS CENTURY CLUB.

Isane Lewis Peet, I.L. D., Read the Letters of Regret from Those Who Couldn't At-tend the Cinb's Banquet, and the Hon. Noah Davis Reproved Col. Ingersoit. Of the banquets of yesterday in honor of the

birthday of George Washington there was none other like that of the Washington Heights' Century Club. Of all the eloquence that fell from the lips of speakers vesterday there was none other to compare with that o Hosen B. Parkins, the President of this club. The banquet took place in the hall of the Metropolitan Hotel. There were only seventeen men present, but that was owing to recent resolution of the club to drop from Of these seventeen men only ten were invited guests, but Secretary Isaac Lewis Peet, LL. D. read letters of regret from eighteen gentlemen who were unfortunately unable to b

Hosea B. Perkins presided at the festive board. To his right sat the distinguished ex-Judge Noah Davis and the gallant Col. Richard Lathers of Washington Heights. To his left ant some of Washington Heights' best society. Mr. Joseph Howard, Jr., also sat at this table. Near the President at the other table sat Mr. Isaac Lewis Peet, L.L. D., beaming be nignly upon the festive board.

The members of the club and their guests assembled in another room and marched to the banquet hall. Some of the guests seemed to be surprised at the long array of empty blage sat down to the festive board. Afte some delay the head waiter asked respectfully.
"How soon will the others come?"

A deep silence fell upon the room. One of the members whispered something to the head waiter, who immediately apologized and said: 'Very well, sir." Within a few minutes the rattle of nishes fell pleasantly on the ear, and hosts and guests attacked the luscious bi-

Than the spackling wine began to flow and soon merriment reigned around the festive board. Long afterward the flow of eloquence began. Mr. Hosea B. Perkins arose and said "Greatheren of the Wakhinoton Heights
Century Club: It has been said that when
two or three men gather together in the name
of the Lord the Intelemilest. We have
met to-night to celebrate one of the most important events that ever constituted an epoch
in the annals of history—the birthday of
Washington. As I have spoken at least twenty
times on this subject, you will hardly expect
me to say anything new or instructive.

Then Mr. Ferkins wont on: "Col. Ingersoll,
in his recent great speech on Lincoln, said:
Washington is now only a steel engraving,
but I. for one, think he is something more.

"He speaks to us from the canvas; he lives
in monumental brass and marble; his memory
is enshrined in millions of warm and patriotic
hearts; and up from our cloud-capped hills
and sunny vales shall ever arise the swelling
anthem of praiso of him who gave to his
country more of Fame's immortal dower
than any king, conqueror, or emperor that
ever walked God's broad earth or tore the
honors that stalked upon it.

"True, he did not, like the God-like Webstor and cloquent Clay, the applause of
listoning Senates command, nor like the
great astronomor, read the beautiful and
binzing mystery of the stars, nor yet,
like Franklin, call down the red lightning from its far-off home, that
it might become the swift-winged messenger
of thought, but in the broader and higher atmosphere of patriotism and freedom he won a
corona of fame, brighter than any that ever
gilltered in the crowns of Assyrian kings, or
blazed on the breastplate of old Aaron."

"Mr. Perkins concluded his speech like this:
"Let us them, my friends, cherish the remembrance of Washington and wear him in our
heart of hearts, for areas may pass away ere
the world will look upon his like again.

"Pow on, dark rolling Potomac, and sing the
praises of the levo who sleeps upon your
banks 'a sleep that known in waking.' Ye
zephyrs of morning that once kissed the manly
brow of Washington's Briteday and on the Fourth
of Mr. Peet is a well-known figure in washington He "GENTLEMEN OF THE WARRINGTON HEIGHTS CENTURY CLUB: It has been said that when two or three men gather together in the name

Mr. Charles T. Catlin of Brooklyn was also unable to attend. He wrote: "How kind you

were to remember me with the invitation to the dinner. To my inexpressible regret I cannot be with you owing to an engagement to take part in a dramatic performance at Huntington, I. L. that very evening."

"Mr. Catlin," explained Mr. Peet, "Is a—a well-known amateur actor. Strictly amateur, gentlemen. He is a—a gentleman of wealth and—and he is a graduate of Yale and—and he does nothing but act."

"What happy life that must be!" remarked Mr. Joseph Howard, Jr., convulsing the festive board with his humor. Mr. Isane Lewis Peet, Il. D., went on to read this letter from the Rev. Mr. J. S. Humley of Greenfield Hill, Conn.;

Conn.:
'I am to go to New Jersey, in my former parish, to marry a Brooklyn man, and to give in marriage a Jersey girl. They have selected the very hour of your gathering for the cere-

mony."
When the other fourteen letters had been read. Mr. Peet read from an old school book Washington's Farewell Address. He read this with great eloquence and fervor, entering thoroughly into the spirit of that famous address. Ex-Judge Noah Davis then arose to speak to the teast, "The Day We Celebrate." He

to the toast. "The Day Wo Celebrate." He said:
"I read that recent remark of Col. Ingersoll which Mr. Perkins referred to, and it filled me with a shame and sorrow that I cannot express. I think such a remark about Washington, if it did fall from that great orator's lingmust be looked upon much in the saine light as the more brutal lips that seek to drag Jehovah from his throne.
"No, my fellow citizens. We of America must not eliminate from Washington's rights to respect and honor because any man attempts to degrade him to a mere picture. He who would pluck him down from his eminence is an enemy to his country, to its civilization, and to its laws."

is an enemy to his and to its laws."
Then Col. Richard Lathers arose to speak about the "Genius of Democracy as applied to our Government." He spoke at greatlength

DINNER OF THE SOUTHERN SOCIETY Mrs. Jefferson Davis and Miss Davis Amon the Ladles Present.

The seventh annual banquet of the Southern Society was held at the Madison Square Garden last night. About 300 prominent South erners and their friends sat down to the banquet, and the boxes were filled with Southern women. Mrs. Jefferson Davis and Miss Winnie Davis occupied a box. As they entered their box the entire assembly rose and cheered for

several minutes.

The President of the society, J. H. Parker, presided, and among those at the head table with him were Joseph H. Choate, James E.

with him were Joseph H. Choate, James F. Campbell, John D. Crimmins, John C. Calhoun, Hugh R. Garden, Josiah Quiner, Frederic Taylor, and Senator Z. B. Vance. Among those who had seats at other tables were J. C. linskell, John H. Inman, Henry Villard, Chat. Carroll Consland, Charles F. Fray, Charles A. Deshon, and Percy A. Fickrell.

The first speech was by William L. Trenholm, who on behalf of George H. Sullivan presented to the seelety a copy of the bronze bust of Algernon S Sullivan, its first President, which was recently presented to the city of New York, and is now in the Metropolitan Museum. The speech of acceptance on behalf of the society was made by Hugh R. Garden.

Joseph H. Choate responded to the toast of "Washington" He said in part:

"At last you Southerners have fairly captured and captivated New York, as this brave and gay company, made up of representatives of all your-States, from Virginia to Louisiana, shows. What syndicate is complete without you?

"To what bank, to what trust company, to

shows. What syndicate is complete without you?
"To what bank, to what trust company, to what storehouse of wealth have you not found the key? And better far than all this is the healing that time has brought to the hearts that were torn asunder and the renewal of a common patriotism."

Senator vance of North Carolina responded to the toast. "Intriotism." He said that like all other good things patriotism had its shams. "There is patriotism which some men manifest by humbly and ignobly confessing to the

sins and shortcomings of the land which gave them birth. This is close to treacherr. Such a man may be classified and handed down to contempt as a flattered Mugwum." The other speakers were Frederic Taylor, who responded to the "City of New York:" ex-Gry, James E. Campbell of Ohio, "Our Na-tive Land;" the Hon. Josiah Quincy, "Ameri-can Unity."

SONS OF THE REVOLUTION.

They Celebrated the Day with a Banquet at

The New York Society of the Sons of the Revolution had a Washington's Birthday dinner at Delmonico's, at which nearly 250 members of the society were present. The big banquet room was decorated with the buff banner of the society, the Continental colors, and the national flag. A band played patriotic airs dur-

ing the dinner.

Frederick S. Tallmadge. President of the society, when he opened the speechmaking in his capacity of toastmaster alluded to the nuptials which came so near being celebrated

nuptials which came so near being celebrated between the Sons of the Revolution and the kindred society, the Sons of the American Revolution. He called the first the groom and the control of the tride. Every preparation had been made for their union, but at the last moment, the bride being young, proved coy, and the marriage was broken off.

Col. Floyd Clarkson, the Vice-President, read a statement giving the reasons for the failure of last week's conference between the two societies. The statement set forth that the Sons of the Revolution agreed to unite with the Sons of the Revolution agreed to unite with the Sons of the American Revolution provided a joint committee was empowered to erase from the membership list of both societies any member who could not prove that he was descended from an actual participant in the war of the Revolution. The Sons of the American Revolution, who, the statement said, were more lax in their qualifications, unanimously rejected this basis of union, and the committees of conference failed to come to an agreement.

The Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, in epenking

ment.

The Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, in speaking to the toast to Washington, referred to the habit of the Father of his country of using a word which began with a d and ended with a d. The rev. speaker apparently thought the profanity was condoned by its being applied to men who deserved to be sworn at. Others also spoke.

The Catholic Cinb's Loan Exhibition, The Catholic Club celebrated Washington's Birthday with an art exhibition at the club rooms, 120 West Fifty-ninth atreet. The exhibition, which consisted of a loan collection of very valuable works in oil and water colors, was opened at 10 o'clock A. M., and continued all day and evening. The oil paintings, fifty-one in number, were exhibited in the west room. The water colors were hung in the east room.

Among those who loaned pictures were H.
L. Horton, the Hon. Joseph F. Daly, W. R.
Grace, John D Crimmins, J. J. Mitchell, M. B.
Brown, A. J. Connick, J. P. Kelly, J. V. Higgins, C. W. Kraushanr, Mrs. Wyant, and J.
Harrison Mills, but the majority of the pic-

tures were lent by the artists. A Gala Day for the Eighth Regiment.

The Eighth Regiment N. G., S. N. Y., held a review, a drill, a parade, and a ball last night at their armory at Park avenue and Ninetyfifth street. They turned out 500 strong, and fifth street. They turned out 500 strong, and Mayor Gilroy reviewed the regiment.
Col. George D. Scott was in command, and the Association of Master Flumbers of this city took advantage of the occasion to present to him a life-size portrait of himself. He is the head of the plumbing department of the Board of Health. There was also a distribution of marksmen's badges, and 150 of the shooters of the regiment got them.

The Veteran Association of the Eighth Regiment also held their annual meeting at the armory during the evening and reflected the old staff of officers.

About one hundred and seventy-five men and women sat down to the banquet of the Prohibitionists of New York and Kings counties at the Columbia restaurant in East Four teenth street last night. "America" was sung by the entire company standing and a bless by the entire company standing and a bless-ing was proneunced by the Rev. Hugh Pritchard. T. Wardwell was toastmaster and William T. Wardwell was toastmaster and introduced first William Jennings Demorest. Among the other speakers were T. W. Burger, Mrs. H. C. Pritchard, James H. Laird, and David C. Beatty.

Society of Cincinnati Dinner.

The dinner with which the New York State Society of Cincinnati annually celebrates Washington's Birthday took place last night at Delmonico's, The toast to "The Memory of Washington" was according to the custom o washington was according to the custom of
the society, drunk standing and in silence.
Admiral fibind, U. S. N., responded to "The
Navy," and Frederick J. de Poyster to "The
St. Nicholas Society."
Among these present were John Schuyler, J.
S. Van Cortlandt, Cornellus Van Rensselaer,
and John P. H. do Windt. President Harrison,
Gov. Flower, and Mayor Gilroy sent letters of

Decision in Favor of the Cigarmakers BINGHAMTON, Feb. 22.-Judge Hardin, Prosiding Justice of the General Term for the Fourth Judicial Department, handed down an opinion here to-day in the pellants, agt. James F. Everett et al. peliants, agt. James F. Everett et al., respondents, affirming the decision of Judge Smith. lower court, in favor of defendants. The action grew out of the famous cigar-makers' strike here several years ago, the manufacturers charging the cigar-makers with having conspired to ruin their business in employing pickets and other means to prevent workmen entering and working in the cigar factories. Judge Smith decided that the cigar makers did not transgress the law, and his opinion has been affirmed.

They Want to See Byrnes's Prisoner. CINCINNATI, Feb. 22.-Private Detective Crawford with Paying Tellers George Koenler and L. F. Van Ansdale of the First and Third Sational Banks have gone to New York to see a prisoner held by Inspector Byrnes on suspicion of being Hunt, the "man with the cough," who swindled banks here out of \$5,000 a year ago. He has operated all over the country, notably at Albany, St. Paul, and Detroit.

No information about the "man with the cough" could be obtained at Police Headquar-

A Fine Schooner Ashore.

HULL, Mass., Feb. 22.-The schooner Glen wood is hard and fast on Harding's Ledge, and s fast going to pieces. The Glenwood is one of the largest and best equipped schooners of the largest and best equipped schoolers affont. She is comparatively new, a three-master of 1,840 gross toninge, 245 feet long, 40 feet beam, and 20 feet deep.
She was built in Bath, Me., in 1890, and is owned principally in Taunton, Mass. She was captained by A. F. Burt of Taunton, and carried a cargo of 2,444 tons of soft coal consigned to Chapin & Wood of Boston. The crew were saved.

Athlette Gossip from Fordham College, The first division of Fordham College met in conver tion on Monday afternoon and reversed the decision of the athletic magnates in regard to the intercolle-ginte meeting. They had decided to withdraw from the Association and concentrate their energies upon the formation of a crack baseball and a crack football team. But the students voted no, and elected as dele-gates W. C. McCafferty, '94, Chairman; Maurice Doran, and R. Bayard. This means that Fordham College and R. Bayard. This means that Fordham College will be represented on the cinder path this year by jus-will be represented on the cinder path this year by jusas good a team as she can get together. On the unde

will be represented on the cinder nath this year by just as good a team as she can get together. On the undergraduate question Fordnam stands decidedly for the passage of a rule restricting competitors to strictly undergraduates.

In baseball gratters the management is husling to get the men in abape, and have an excellent schedule that the men in abape, and have an excellent schedule that the men in the passage with. The first game will be on the passage of the men in the same previous lines to the men of the passage previous lines town, Mass. In addition to the games previous lines town, Mass. In addition to the games previous lines and return games with laday stelle and Trinity, but as yet no dates have been fixed. The prospect of a game with Genretown Thiversity is not of the brightest. Her manager has siemanded a banday game, and aster the passage of the passage of the passage. For them is only willing to give \$7.5 and does not want a Sunday game. And there the matter resistant coach will be employed this year. The reason of this radical departure from Fordham traditions, in the time place the passage of this radical departure from Fordham traditions, in the time place of the supplied this year. The second of this radical departure from Fordham is not necessary. The chief reason for the employment of necessary. The chief reason for the employment of necessary. The chief reason for the supposential team, has gindly consented to give them the benefit of his advice three afternoons each week.

The team is now practically selected, and every one

them the benefit of his advice three afternoons each week.

Team is now practically selected, and every one team is now practically selected, and every one to the following new will play either as regular, so make it with the selection of the following new will never a for an experience of the following the will be selected by the selection and first base; if McLanghim, short stop: I. Monardan, third base; if McLanghim, short stop: I. Monardan, the base; if McLanghim, short stop: I. Monardan, the selection of the selection are also hard at work application for admission into the Interactionatic Haseball Association at the coming meeting.

The weakest stomach craves that nourishment which Cucahy's "Rax" Brand Finid Beef amply supplier. Of druggists - der.

J. S. CONOVER & CO., 28 and 30 West 23d St.

Open Fireplaces:

A fine and large assortment of Brass, Bronze, and Iron in new and elegant designs.

Mantels in all woods, native and foreign from our own special designs.

of every foreign make in rich enamel colorings, and patterns for Floors, Walls, Hearth, Facings, and Bathrooms. Our new Factory with extensive facili-

ties enables us to produce the finest class of work at greatly reduced cost. Foundry and Factory:

526, 528, and 530 West 25th St.

CAUSED BY A BROKEN BAIL

One Person Killed and Many Wounded o FORT WAYNE, Ind., Feb. 22.-At 1 o'clock this afternoon passenger train No. 20, bound east on the Pittsburgh. Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad was wrecked two miles east of Columbia City, the accident being caused by a broken rail. The locomotive and baggage and

mail cars passed ever all right, but the smok-

ing car and first boach left the track, turner

over, and went down un embankment fifteen feet high. J. W. Parimore, Hebron, Ind., was the only person killed. The injured are: Dr. J. W. Young, Fort Wayne, Ind., leg broken; Dr. White, Lande, Ind., head hurt; Susan Strayer, Degraff. Ind., head hurt; Louise Kocher, Huntington, Ind., scalp wound; child of Mra. W. P. Orr, Piqua, O. head injured; Miss Hunt, Fina Green, Ind., head injured; Mrs. Sohaefer, Columbia City, head injured; Mrs. Sohaefer, Columbia City, head injured; James A. Pough, 56 Fifth avenue, Chicago, leg and back hurt; C. B. Johnson, Van Wert, O., hand crushed; Mrs. J. D. Collins, Valparaiso, hurt on face; John Stzorbarger, Van Wert, O., head badly injured; Mrs. John A. Brown, South Whitter, Ind., bruised slightly; C. A. Radeliff, Piercoton, Ind., slight injuries; F. G. Barber, Rochelester, Pa., hand hurt; Freight Conductor C. W. Bell, badly injured; Amanda Goble; residence unknown, head and knee injured; Con Finnell, Fort Wayne, bad scalp wound.

All the injured were brought to this city. J. W. Parimore, Hebron, Ind., was the only

MUNSCH WAS SHOT.

But Whether It Was Accidental or an A tempt at Suicide Is Not Known,

Paul Munsch, a designer of embroideries, employed by L. Hermann, and living at 163 West Houston street, is in St. Vincent's Hospital, and likely to die from the effects of a pistol-shot wound which he got last night under circumstances which look like an atempt at suicide.

He is 26 years old. Mrs. Wendell, with

He is 26 years old. Mrs. Wendell, with whom he boards, says that he came home last night in a happy mood, but that he ate no supper. Instead, he seated himself opposite a picture of Bertha Ramer, who lives at 47 South Washington souare, and played the guitar. Then he wrote a poem to her, which he sealed up and went to his room.

Mrs. Wendell did not hear any sound of a shot, but did hear him breathing heavily some time afterward, and found him lying on the floor. He had on a dress suit, and said afterward that he was preparing to go to a ball at the Tautonia Assembly Rooms, and that the shot was an accident, his pistol going off while he was examining it.

A number of leitlors were found in his room. One that was open was to his employer.

"You will find," it said, "several leiters on a shelf in a cupboard with instructions as to what shall become of my debts, and I hope that you, my friends, will comply with my last wishes."

Munsch said in the hospital that he wrote this after he was shot. One of the other leiters is to his mother and the other to his sweetheart, but these are sealed. Ferhaps they may explain the shooting.

KILLED HER FAITHLESS LOVER.

Kittle May Sams Put on Trial for the Murder of Capt. Namp Carno, Ill., Feb. 22.-The case of Kittle May sams came before the Circuit Court here today. She is the first white woman ever put on trial here for murder. She is a pretty woman, and was engaged to be married to Capt. Ran som Sampson, a well-known steamboatman. who proved false and married a young woman at Hickman, Ky., on Nov. 25, 1892. He and his bride of a week returned to this city and registered at the Planters' Hotel. Miss Sams called upon them, and, after reproaching Sampson for his perfldy, drew a revolver and shot him dead. She then shot the bride twice, and the latter ran down the broad stairway to the office. Miss Sams fired two shots through

her own breast, and fell beside her faithles lovor. Both women were terribly wounded, but recovered.

Miss Sams was released from bail after her discharge from hospital, but was indicted by the present Grand Jury charged with the murder of Sampson, and an attempt to murder his bride. Again she was released on bail, on the plea that, as she is still suffering from her wounds, imprisonment would be fatal. Seven jurymen had been obtained when court adjourned this evening. women were terribly wounded,

THESE GIRLS OUT FOR HOOPS. A Crinoline Club Formed in Bridgeport

BRIDGEPORT, Feb. 22.-A crinoline club was organized here last night, and among the list known young women of this city. This club is out for hoops, and they hope to converother women. The officers of the club are other women. The officers of the club are:
President, Miss Mamie Gilbert: Vice-President, Ruth Landon: Secretary, Clara Speers.
The Board of Managers are Miss Lou Tracy,
Maud Bedell, Stella Martin, and Hattle Lyons.
It is the idea of the members to take the
initiative step in wearing hoops. The members of the club have gained all their knowledge
of crinoline from a perusal of the fashion plates
of thirty years ago. of crinoline from a perusal of the fashion plates of thirty years ago.

At the meeting resolutions were passed, and it was voted that they be published. Then it was decided that all business matters of the club be kept private. The resolutions passed last night say, among other things, that the fair sex has been trammeled too long by tight fitting and clinging skirts, that the styles of 1840-50 were really beautiful, essentially feminine, and at least unique; that the adoption of crinoline would end the wearing of men's hats, neckties, and shirts by women, and that anything would be preferable to aping masculine costumes. The promoters of the club expect that acores of women will flock to the support of the crinoline.

SHORTAGES IN RAHWAY.

Report of an Expert who Has Been Examining the City's Accounts.

RAHWAY, Feb. 22.-At the regular meeting of the Common Council held last evening a re port was received from Expert Accountan William Gray of New York, who has spent the past few months in examining the books of past few months in examining the books of the city kept during the past ten years. The report showed a deficiency in the accounts of ex-Tronsurer Langstroff and ex-tisceiver of Taxes Brown. One item of shortage was a mortgage for over \$4.000. The total defi-ciencies amount to over \$15.000. The inatter was placed in the hands of the City Attorney to proceed against the bondsmen of those in default.

Mr. Jeanings's Successor in Parliament. LONDON. Feb. 22 -At the Parliamentary election in Stockport to-day to fill the seat left vacant by the death of Louis J. Jennings. Conservative, Mr. Whitely, Conservative, re-ceived 5,264 votes, and Major Sharp Hume, Liberal, 4,760.

Entertained by Lord Duffertu.

Paris, Feb. 22.-Lord Dufferin, British Amhassador, entertained at dinner this evening the Behring Sea Commissioners and lawyers connected with the arbitration proceedings, Justice Harian of the United States Supreme Court and the Rev. Mr. Harlan of New York

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria. THE POPE INDISPOSED.

His Jubiles Presents Aircady Amount to

ROME, Feb. 22.-As the Pope is still suffering from a cold the reception of the pilgrims from Hungary, Uruguay, and Argentina, which was to have taken place to-day, was post-poned indefinitely. His Holiness received. however. Comte de Behaine, French Ambassador at the Vatican, who presented a letter of congratulation and two Sevres vases from President Carnot. The latter was counter signed by M. Develle, French Minister o Foreign Affairs, and expressed the President's best wishes for the health and the long life of best wishes for the health and the long life of the Pope. In replying to Comte de Behaine's oral congratulations the Pope spoke of his sincere desire for the prosperity of France and the continuance of the present optial relations between the republic and the Vatican. The Catholic not-lemen of Rome gave the Pope a magnificent violet cope in which he was expected to relebrate his jubilee mass. The Pope decilined to wear the cope, as he believed that on such a solemn occasion he should wear only white.

His decision has given such offence to the notlemen who presented the cope, that he has promised to wear it at a special mass on M. Joseph's Day.

Paris, Feb. 22.—The jubilee presents of money already received by the Pope amount to 7,000,000 francs. The Austrian Emperor. Austrian Archdukes, the Archbishop of Prague, and the Primate of Hungary gave 100,000 france each: the Rishops of Austrian-Hungary sent 250,000; the nobility of Bohemia, 300,000; Mexican Catholics, 150,000; South American Catholics, 250,000.

Several officials at the Vatican have been arrested for having sold tickets of admission to St. Peter's on the occasion of the celebration of mass by the Pope. The tickets were sold in direct defiance of orders that admission should be free. the Pope. In replying to Comte de Rehaine'

THE FARMERS AND THE KAISER.

He Talks to Them About the Essentials of Agricultural Prosperity.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.-The Emperor received this afternoon a deputation from the Central Agricultural Association of the Fastern Provinces Count Botho zu Eulenburg, Prussian Minister President, and Herr von Heyden, Minister of Agriculture, were present. After Herr von Buelow had introduced the deputation and briefly announced their wishes, the Emperor said that he was especially gratified by the association's action in bringing their complaints directly to the father of their country Landesvater). He never would rest content until he had got the provincial courts in proper working order, so that justice would be impartially and expeditiously administered. He earnestly desired to relieve the agricultural land owners of the cares and difficulties which surrounded their occupation, but he self-that many methods popularly approved for the attainment of this end only obscured the goal and retarded progress toward it.

In the first place, preservation of the peace was a necessary condition of all agricultural progress. The agrarian party might assist materially in maintaining the peace by voting for the military bill now before the Relebstag. Agriculture was a pillar of the empire, and it would ever be his duty and pleasure to uphold and strengthen this pillar. In return he hoped the agrarian party would give in the future, as in the past, constant evidence of their loyalty to the throne. His unshaken belief was that the agricultural classes would show themselves ever faithful to Emperor and empire. proper working order, so that justice would be

THE PANAMA INQUIRY. More Contractors Questioned About Their

Paris, Feb. 22.-M. Franqueville, examining magistrate in the Panama case, questioned M. Varilla and another Panama contractor to-day concerning the sums received by them from the canal company, the cost of the work done by them, and the manner in which they got their contracts, as well as concerning their relations to M. Arton. Subsequently he visited the Procureur-General, and conferred with him for half an hour. It is reported that an important decision as to pressing the investi-

important decision as to pressing the investigation was made.

While M. Franqueville was with the Procureur-General Charles de Lesseps, who was committed to the Assizes on Feb. 7 by the Judicial Chamber for having bribed public functionaries, was taken to the Palais Justice for further examination. His wife met him there and they chatted for twenty minutes while awaiting M. Franqueville's continued alseence the examination was eventually postponed, and M. de Lesseps was taken back to prison.

M. Elffel has been ill for the last three days. To-day he has been confined to his bed.

To-day he has been confined to his bed.

A RAILROAD IN THE DESERT.

The Casis of Waygla to be Connected With the Algerian Lines.

Paris, Feb. 15.—In response to resolutions adopted by the leading citizens of Constantine and other large towns in Algeria, the Minister of Public Works has ordered the final studies for a railroad from Biskra, on the edge of the Sahara, now connected with the Mediterranean by rail, to Wargla, an oasis far south in the Sahara, now connected with the Mediterranean by rail, to Wargia, an easis far south in the desort. It is proposed that the first section of her around. The little girl had a stroj the road shall extend from Biskra to Tougourt. | Partial paralysis, and 125 miles south of Biskra, and that the second section shall be from Biskra to Tougourt, 105 miles further south. It is said that the proposed line for nine-tenths of the way will be perfectly straight, and the total cost, it is believed, will be under \$5,000,000.

The building of the read is advocated because the line is absolutely needed for the extension of France's influence into the region to the south, which is nominally a part of Algeria; and because it will be the first step toward assuming control over the desert tribes, whose submission to France must be obtained before she can push her communications across the desert to the Soudan, a large part of whose trade Algeria hopes to secure.

The Itulian Bank Scandal, ROME, Feb. 22.-In an interview with a Fanfulla reporter, recently ex-Premier Crispi criticised the present diplomatic policy of the Government, and, in specially commenting upon the present Premier's attitude toward the bank scandals, said that in 1880, when ister of Finance. Signor Giolitti told him that the Bank of Rome was conducted illegally. This interview was made the text to-day in the Chamber of a bitter attack upon Premier Giolitti. The Government was interpellated as to the truth of the statement as to its as to the truth of the statement as to its knowledge of the frauds before the exposure, but Signor Giolitti made only avasive replies intended to cut short the debate.

Several members of the opposition, taking for granted the correctness of Signor Crispi's statements, compared them with Premier Giolitti's repeated assertions a short time ago that the Government had been ignorant of the bank irregularities in question. Both Giolitti and Crispi spoke amid much confusion.

Woman's Danger. No man can ever know the devoted martyrdom of many

Unselfishly a woman works and suffers that home and

loved ones may be happy. When it seems as though her back would break, when she grows irregular, faint, irritable, loses all interest in society, gets the "blues," is crushed with that indescribable feeling of "bearing-down," she "drags along," day after day, suffering

agonies that would appal a man. The cause of all her trouble is some derangement of the uterus or womb, perhaps the development of a tumor, or cancerous humor, - anyway, give it instant attention.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the sure cure. It is recommended by thousands of women. Its cures are unparallelled.

All druggists sell it.
Address in confidence.
Lydia E. Pinknam Med.
Co., IANN, Mass.
Liver Pills, 25 cents.

FOR MOTHERS.

Stories of Children to Touch the Heart.

Parents Who Read These Lines Will Find Food For Thought.

There Can Be Nothing More Interesting Than That Concerning Children.



ter, Ethel May." said Mrs. H. H. Watson of 53 Bloomingdale Worcester. street. lass., "was terribly and alarmingly sick. She had twenty-six convulsions in two years. Her nervės were very weak, her appetite very bad; she could not sleep

nights, her limbs WATSON. would draw up, and she suffered, oh, so much! She was as yellow as saffron and weak and delicate. Our local loctors gave her up, saying she could not be cured.

"But, thanks to a wonderful medicine, she is now perfectly well and healthy. This remedy is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and it has completely cured my little remedy, and it has completely cured my little girl."
Mrs. Henry Fry. who lives at 4 Flint place.
South Boston. Mass., states:
"My daughter. 12 years old, became affected with St. Vitus' dance. I at once placed her under the care of physicians at the Boston Dispensary, where she was treated for three months. She grew worse until she entirely lost her speech, and the right arm became useless. I tried other remedies without benefit. Finally I began the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and



FLORA FRY. nerve remedy, and before finishing one bottles she could talk. She has now used six bottles, and she talks as well as ever, has perfect use of her arm, and is wonderfully improved in all respects.
The effects of this wonderful medicine in "The effects of this wonderful medicine in her case has excited great interest in many neighbors and friends who are acquainted with the facts."

Mrs. E. J. Emigh, who resides at 318 Delaware avenue, Pittston, Pa., says: "My daughter, at the age of 14 years, was suffering with a nervous disease, at times unable to walk or talk, and was constantly in motion night and day."

talk, and was constantly in motion night and day.

After trying all the physicians at home, and all failing to benefit her. I tried Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and it worked like magic. She has taken three bottles, and is now a strong, healthy girl. I can truly say that this wonderful remedy is the best thing for nervous diseases.

J. W. Cottrell of Matamoras. Pa. said:

"It affords me pleasure to add my testimonial in lavor of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nervo remedy.

partial paralysis, and was unable to hold the urine. This wonderful remedy curod her when the doctors could not."

There is no mistaking the fact that this is the true children's medicine, and that it occuples in the household the position of the best and surest family remedy. It is perfectly harmiess to give to nervous, restless, sleepless, and sick infants and children of any ago, being made from pure and health-giving vegetable medicines.

If your child is sick, send instantly to your druggist for a bottle of this wonderful curer of disease, and when you see your darling gain steadily in health and strength day by day, you, like thousands of other parents, will bless the day you learned of its marvellous curative properties. It is recommended by doctors; indeed, it is the discovery of an eminent physician. Dr. Greene of 35 West 14th st., New York, the successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, and he can in all cases be consulted free, personally or by letter.—Adc.

AN ULSTER SCARE.

Anti-Home Rulers Say There Will Be Civil War if the Bill Passes. LONDON, Feb. 22.-It is reported from Belfast that the Orange societies in the north of Ireland are preparing for forcible resistance a home rule Parliament should one be established. It is being arranged that all the Irish opponents of home rule shall simultaneously withdraw their deposits from the Post Office Savings Banks, and purchase arms to be used in case physical force should become necessary to prevent the assertion of Irish home rule in Ulster. Inquiries are already being made with a view to contracts for a supply of the latest improved weapons, and an Orange club at Dungannon has received an offer from a Birmingham factory of 1,000 Martini rifles. Excitement is running very high among the Uister Loyalists, and many of them declare that, in the event of the enactment of the Home Rule bill, civil war will inevitably ensue. ensue.

Prayers against the Home Rule bill are being offered in all the Protestant churches of the diocese of Down in Ulster.

An Anti-Parnellite Victory.

LONDON, Feb. 22.-The election to fill the vacancy for the northern division of Meath in the House of Commons, caused by the unseating of Mr. Michael Davitt, anti-Parnellite, who in the last general election defeated Mr. Pierce Mahony. Parnellite, by a majority of 403 votes was held yesterday. The anti-Parnellites nominated Mr. Gibney as their candidate, while Mr. Mahony again stood in the Parnellite interest. The anti-Parnellites won the day. Mr. Gibney receiving 2,635 votes against 2,376 cast for Mr. Mahony.

The New Portuguese Ministry. LISBON, Feb. 22.-Senhor Ribeiro, who was summoned by the King to form a Ministry after the resignation of the Ferreira Cabinet. has succeeded in his undertaking, and the

has succeeded in his undertaking, and the new Ministry is announced as follows:
Senhor Ribetro, Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs.
Senhor Branco, Minister of the Interior.
Senhor Azeveno, Minister of Justice.
Col. Pinto, Minister of War.
Senhor Fuschini, Minister of Finance.
Capt. Ferreira do Amaral, Minister of Marine and Minister of the Colonies.
Senhor Machado, Minister of Public Works.
The Cabinet will hold a meeting to-night and determine their programme, which will be submitted to the Cortes to-morrow.

American Gold in Austria LONDON, Feb. 23.-The Vienna correspond-

ent of the Standard remarks this morning the ease with which Austria has obtained gold from America for her currency reform, and adds that the expectation of Austrian financiers is that, unless the silver purchase act be repealed acon, many millions more of American gold will find its way to Vienna.